

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech I Year I Semester Supplementary Examinations June-2024
MATHEMATICS – I
(Common to All)

Time: 3 Hours**Max. Marks: 60****PART-A**

(Answer all the Questions 5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

- 1 a Find Eigen values of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

CO1 L2 2M

- b State Lagrange's mean value theorem.

CO2 L1 2M

- c Evaluate
- $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{(x^2 + y^2)}$

CO3 L2 2M

- d Test the convergence of the series
- $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+3}$

CO4 L2 2M

- e Calculate
- a_0
- , if
- $f(x) = x \sin x$
- in
- $(0, \pi)$

CO5 L1 2M

PART-B

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT-I

2

- a Find the rank of a matrix
- $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

CO1 L2 5M

- b Test for consistency the set of equations and solve them if consistent.
-
- $5x + 3y + 7z = 4$
- ,
- $3x + 26y + 2z = 9$
- ,
- $7x + 2y + 10z = 5$

CO1 L3 5M

OR

- 3 a State Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

CO1 L1 2M

- b Show that the matrix
- $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- satisfies its characteristic equation.

CO1 L3 8M

UNIT-II

- 4 a Find the surface area generated by the revolution of an arc of (catenary) curve
- $y = c \cdot \cosh \frac{x}{c}$
- from
- $x = 0$
- to
- $x = c$
- about the
- x
- axis

CO2 L2 5M

- b Find the volume of the reel-shaped solid formed by the revolution about the
- y
- axis,
- $y^2 = 4ax$
- of the part of the parabola cut off by the latus-rectum

CO2 L2 5M

OR

- 5 a Find the value of
- $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

CO2 L3 5M

- b Verify lagrange's mean value theorem for
- $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 3$
- in
- $[0,4]$

CO2 L2 5M

UNIT-III

6 a If $z = xy^2 + x^2y$; where $x = at^2$, $y = 2at$, find $\frac{dz}{dt}$ as a total derivative. CO3 L2 5M

b Examine the function for extreme values
 $f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 - 2x^2 + 4xy - 2y^2$; ($x > 0, y > 0$) CO3 L3 5M

OR

7 a Find a point on the plane $3x + 2y + z - 12 = 0$ which is nearest to the origin. CO3 L3 6M

b Find $\text{curl } \vec{f}$ where $\vec{f} = \text{grad}(x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 3xyz)$ CO3 L3 4M

UNIT-IV

8 Examine the following sequences for convergence: CO4 L3 10M

(i) $a_n = \frac{n^2 - 2n}{3n^2 + n}$ and (ii) $a_n = 3 + (-1)^n$

OR

9 a Discuss the convergence of the series $\sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \tan \frac{1}{n}$ CO4 L3 5M

b Test whether the series converges or diverges $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n+3)(2^n+3)}{3^n+2}$ CO4 L3 5M

UNIT-V

10 a Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = x^2, -\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ CO5 L2 5M

b Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = e^x, -\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ CO5 L2 5M

OR

11 a Find half-range fourier cosine series for $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in $0 < x < 1$. CO5 L3 5M

b Expand $f(x) = x \cos x$ as a sine series in the interval $0 < x < \pi$ CO5 L3 5M

*** END ***